

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method facilitating the classification of web services network traffic, comprising
  - parsing a web services interface definition document defining the attributes of a web service;
  - defining at least one traffic class corresponding to the web service; and
  - configuring a network traffic classification mechanism to identify the at least one traffic class based on at least one attribute obtained from the web services definition document.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the defining step comprises
  - defining a first traffic class corresponding to the web service;
  - defining at least a second traffic class corresponding to an attribute of the web service; and
  - associating the at least a second traffic class as a child traffic class of the first traffic class in a hierarchical traffic classification scheme.
3. The method of claim 2 wherein the attribute in the second defining step is an operation of the web service.
4. The method of claim 2 wherein the attribute in the second defining step is a binding supported by the web service.
5. The method of claim 1 wherein the web services interface definition document is a WSDL document.
6. A method facilitating the classification of web services network traffic, comprising

monitoring a data communications path for data flows associated with web services network traffic;

maintaining a data structure comprising, for each web service detected in the data flows, a web service identifier corresponding to the web service; and

configuring a network traffic classification mechanism to identify at least one web service in the data structure based at least on the web service identifier corresponding to the web service.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein the configuring step comprises

creating a traffic class identifier corresponding to the web service;

creating at least one matching rule defining an attribute of the web service;

associating the at least one matching rule to the traffic class identifier in the traffic classification mechanism.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein the attribute in the second creating step is the web service identifier corresponding to the web service.

9. The method of claim 8 further comprising

creating at least one additional matching rule defining an attribute of the web service.

10. The method of claim 9 wherein the attribute in the third creating step is a protocol associated with the web service.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein the protocol is a web services protocol.

12. The method of claim 10 wherein the protocol is the SOAP protocol.

13. The method of claim 10 wherein the protocol is the HTTP protocol.

14. The method of claim 6 further comprising  
maintaining a count of the number of data flows corresponding to each web service traversing the communications path.
15. The method of claim 6 wherein the web service identifier comprises a host name.
16. The method of claim 6 wherein the web service identifier comprises a host name and a uniform resource indicator.
17. The method of claim 6 wherein the configuring step is performed in response to a command from an end user.
18. The method of claim 6 wherein the monitoring step comprises  
upon detection of a new data flow,  
parsing at least one packet in the data flow to identify the protocol attributes corresponding to the data flow;  
matching the identified protocol attributes to a predetermined set of web services protocol attributes to determine whether the data flow is web services web services data flow.
19. The method of claim 18 wherein the parsing step comprises parsing the at least one packet in the data flow into a flow specification, wherein the flow specification contains at least one instance of any one of the following: a protocol family designation, a direction of packet flow designation, a protocol type designation, a binding type, a pair of hosts, a pair of ports, a pointer to a MIME type, a pointer to an application-specific attribute.
20. A method facilitating the classification of web services network traffic, comprising

monitoring a data communications path for data flows associated with web services network traffic;

maintaining a data structure comprising, for each web service detected in the data flows, a web service identifier corresponding to the web service; and

receiving an interface definition document defining the attributes of a web service maintained in the data structure;

processing the interface definition document to identify at least one traffic class corresponding to the web service; and

configuring a network traffic classification mechanism to identify the at least one traffic class based on at least one attribute obtained from the web services definition document.

21. The method of claim 20 further comprising

subsequent to the configuring step, processing the latest interface definition document corresponding to the web service to determine whether changes to the configuration of the network traffic classification mechanism are required.

22. An apparatus facilitating the classification of web services network traffic, comprising

a packet processor operative to

detect data flows in network traffic traversing a network;

a traffic classification database operative to

match data flows against a plurality of traffic classes, wherein each traffic class in the plurality of traffic classes is defined by at least one matching attribute;

a web services classification module operative to

identify web services in the data flows traversing the network;

maintain a data structure comprising, for each web service detected in the data flows, a web service identifier corresponding to the web service; and

create a traffic class in the traffic classification database for a selected web service in the data structure, wherein at least one matching rule associated with the traffic class includes the web service identifier associated with the web service.

23. The apparatus of claim 22 wherein the web services classification module is further operative to

- receive an interface definition document defining the attributes of the selected web service;

- process the interface definition document to identify at least one traffic class corresponding to the selected web service; and

- create the at least one traffic class in the traffic classification database, wherein at least one matching rule associated with the corresponding traffic class is based on one or more attributes in the interface definition document.

24. The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the at least one traffic class is identified relative to the operations identified in the interface definition document.

25. The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the at least one traffic class is identified relative to the bindings identified in the interface definition document.

26. An apparatus facilitating the classification of web services network traffic, comprising

- a packet processor operative to

- detect data flows in network traffic traversing a network;

- a traffic classification database operative to

- match data flows against a plurality of traffic classes, wherein each traffic class in the plurality of traffic classes is defined by at least one matching attribute;

- a web services classification module operative to

receive an interface definition document defining the attributes of the selected web service;

process the interface definition document to identify at least one traffic class corresponding to the selected web service; and

create the at least one traffic class in the traffic classification database, wherein at least one matching rule associated with the corresponding traffic class is based on one or more attributes in the interface definition document.

27. The apparatus of claim 26 wherein the web services classification module is further operative to

28. The apparatus of claim 27 wherein the at least one traffic class is identified relative to the operations identified in the interface definition document.

29. The apparatus of claim 27 wherein the at least one traffic class is identified relative to the bindings identified in the interface definition document.

30. The apparatus of claim 26 wherein the web services classification module is further operative to

identify web services in the data flows traversing the network;

maintain a data structure comprising, for each web service detected in the data flows, a web service identifier corresponding to the web service; and

optionally create a traffic class in the traffic classification database for a selected web service in the data structure, wherein at least one matching rule associated with the traffic class includes the web service identifier associated with the web service.